Svastha Yoga System

1. HABIT & CHANGE

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Patterns and shifts
 - a. yoga and ayurveda view
 - b. principle of adaptation—use it or lose it
- 2. The whole person
 - a. willpower, energy, resistance, effort
 - b. stress vs challenge, safety, resilience, coping, allostasis
 - c. curiosity, exploration, play, new vs familiar
- 3. The environment
 - a. supports for new patterns
 - b. triggers for old patterns
- 4. The journey
 - a. steps—small steps and large steps
 - b. less vs more in time and complexity
 - c. lapses, trying again vs trying differently, commitment
 - d. conviction, insight, growing vs changing
- 5. The goal
 - a. personal meaning of change, value system, intrinsic and extrinsic reward
 - b. acceptance, engagement and letting go

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. vṛtti, samskāra
- 2. hetu, phala, āśraya, ālambana
- 3. guṇa, doṣa, prakṛti
- 4. śraddhā, vīrya, prajñā, vrata
- 5. tapas, svādhyāya, īśvara-praņidhāna

2. AWARENESS

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Categories, practices, and stages of directed attention
 - a. mindfulness, absorption, contemplation
 - b. stages of progressive absorption
- 2. Awareness for holistic transformation
 - a. monitoring
 - b. focus
 - c. insight
 - d. goal-setting
- 3. Managing the quality of awareness
 - a. energy and dullness, effort and relaxation
 - b. steadiness, entrainment
 - c. focused vs. expansive
 - d. emotions, positive and negative
 - e. path over time
- 4. Objects or experiences of focus: body, breath, senses, emotions, abstractions, self
- 5. Awareness and the three gunas of yoga
 - a. as the foundation of all experiences
 - b. as supports and barriers to attention
 - c. as variables in the quality of awareness
- 6. Practicing mindfulness
 - a. cautions, challenges, recommendations
 - b. mindfulness of breath, body, senses, thoughts and emotions
- 7. Practicing absorption
 - a. in sound, mantra, speech
 - b. in light, images
 - c. in breath and body sensation



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- d. in positive emotions
- e. in peace, stillness

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. bhāva
- 2. dhāraṇā, dhyāna, samādhi
- 3. smṛti-sādhana
- 4. prajñā
- 5. vikalpa, vitarka, vicāra
- 6. grahītā, grahaṇā, grāhya

Modern Science

- 1. Neuroscience of the self, including
 - a. emergence and purpose of self-construct
 - b. nerve signaling, neural networks, artificial intelligence
 - c. theories of consciousness
 - d. top-down monitoring and feedback systems
- 2. Neurobiology of attention, including
 - a. mindfulness, absorption
 - b. flow states, DMN, TPN
 - c. mystic and alternative consciousness states

3. FEELING

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Understanding emotion, valence, energy, guna-s, kleśa-s
- 2. Winding down from high energy: body, breath, senses
- 3. Activating from low energy: body, breath, senses
- 4. Deep rest and recovery
- 5. Desire, contentment, inner restfulness
- 6. Anger, letting go, peace

- 7. Fear, strength, support, transcendence
- 8. Ego, identity, self and other
- 9. Sadness, grief, navigating loss
- 10. Safety, control, choice
- 11. Gratitude, joy, compassion, friendliness, love
- 12. Exploring emotion, body-mind connection, and behavior
- 13. Physical sensation visualizations

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. 3 guņa-s, bhāva
- 2. kleśa-s
- 3. prasupta, tanu, vicchinna, udāra
- 4. maitrī, karuņā, mudita, upekṣā, santoṣa
- 5. pravṛtti, nivṛtti, nirveda, vairāgya
- 6. rasa theory of drama

Modern Science

- 1. Pathways of sensation, interoception
- 2. Stress response
 - a. sympathetic, activation, mobilization, responses
 - b. parasympathetic, relaxation, immobilization responses
 - c. polyvagal theory, heart rate variability
 - d. window of tolerance, resilience

4. WORDS & THOUGHTS

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Cognition through words
 - a. concepts and abstractions
 - b. inner dialogue and life story
- 2. Watching over speech and thoughts



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- 3. Managing thoughts
 - a. principles for managing negative thoughts
 - b. principles for positive thoughts, intentions, affirmations
- 4. Supportive words
 - a. identifying strengths and support
 - b. speaking to strengths and supports
- 5. Safe words
- 6. Positive words
- 7. Ethical words

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. pramāṇa, viparyaya, vikalpa, smṛti
- 2. parā, paśyantī, madhyamā, vaikarī
- 3. mantra as words

Modern Science

- 1. Cognitive therapy
- 2. Motivational interviewing
- 3. Trauma sensitive language

5. MOVEMENT

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Skills of moving well: learning path, application
 - a. pain-management as needed
 - b. awareness & exploration
 - c. relaxation, release
 - d. mobilization, easing movement
 - e. stability, control
 - f. strength, endurance
 - g. range of movement, stretching

- h. alignment for safe and effective force transmission and loading
- i. balance, gait
- j. agility, speed and responsiveness
- k. coordination, increasing complexity
- I. positive emotion and supportive dialogue toward the body
- m. breathing to support moving well
- n. play, intrinsic reward
- 2. Exercises for each of these regions to develop important movement skills, with a holistic focus:
 - a. low back
 - b. mid & upper back
 - c. neck
 - d. shoulders
 - e. elbow, wrist, hand
 - f. sacrum
 - g. hip
 - h. knee
 - i. ankle, foot
- 3. Practices combining multiple movement skills for a region and across regions
- 4. Guidelines for safety
- 5. Decision pathways for working with each skill and body region by skill
- 6. Modifying common asanas for skill development

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. purpose of asana in classical yoga
- 2. sthira, sukha
- 3. prayatna, śaithilya
- 4. ananta-samāpatti



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- 5. krama, vinyāsa, pratikriyā
- 6. asana names and Sanskrit
- 7. common traditional asanas

Modern Science

- 1. Tissues of the locomotor system: fascia, cartilage, bones, muscles, ligaments, joints, nerves
- 2. Global organization of movement
 - a. tension, compression, tensegrity and integration
 - b. prediction, feedback, neural control
 - c. development of movement
- 3. Science of key locomotor skills
 - a. basics of exercise physiology
 - b. strength training
 - c. stretching and range of movement
 - d. stabilization and tracking
 - e. alignment
 - f. balance and gait

6. BREATHING

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Breath awareness
 - a. observing the breath
 - b. natural breath
 - c. regulating the breath
- 2. Effort of breathing
 - a. decreasing effort—ease and relaxation
 - b. increasing effort—energy and arousal
 - c. deep and shallow breathing
- 3. Physical patterns of breathing and their uses

- a. abdomen
- b. lower ribs
- c. upper chest
- d. back
- 4. Breath and body movement
- 5. Slowing the breath
- 6. Fast breathing
- 7. Cultivating the inhalation: movement, position, touch, visualization, sound, sequencing
- 8. Cultivating the exhalation: movement, position, touch, visualization, sound, sequencing
- 9. Breath suspension, stepped breathing, breathing ratios
- 10. Ujjāyī breathing
- 11. Breath as a connector
 - a. subtle body or inner body experience with the breath
 - b. changing emotional content
 - c. changing sensation content
- 12. Breath and sound: working with breath using vocalization, mantra, chanting
- 13. Bandha-s: jalandhara, mula, uddīyāna
- 14. Pranayamas of hatha yoga
 - a. ujjāyī, anuloma-ujjāyī, viloma- ujjāyī, pratiloma- ujjāyī
 - b. laharī, nadīśodhana
 - c. nadīśodhana
 - d. bhastrikā, kaphālabhāti
 - e. bhrāmarī
 - f. sūryabhedana, candrabhedana
 - g. śītalī, śītkārī

Traditional Frameworks

1. Pranayama and ayurveda



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- a. dosa, agni, vāyu
- b. heating, cooling, drying, nourishing
- 2. prāṇa, 5 prāṇa-s
- 3. nāḍī, iḍā, piṅgalā, suṣumnā
- 4. cakra
- 5. deśa, kāla, samkhyā, dīrgha, sūkṣma
- 6. sama-vṛtti, viṣama-vṛtti, vaikarī, vairambha

Modern Science

- 1. Functional anatomy of the respiratory system
- 2. Functional anatomy of breathing cycle
- 3. Physiology of respiration, including:
 - a. control of breathing
 - b. gas exchange and transport
 - c. energy generation
 - d. metabolic impact, acid-base balance
 - e. hyperventilation and hypoventilation
- 4. Visceral regulation, stress response, and breathing
 - a. interoception, homeostasis, autonomic nervous system
 - b. vagal tone, heart rate variability, regulation through breath
 - c. connections based on polyvagal theory

7. SENSES & LIFESTYLE

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Importance of personalizing lifestyle
- 2. Daily routine and rituals of lifestyle
- 3. Sleep management
- 4. Balancing work, play, rest
- 5. Stages of life
- 6. The environment and seasons

- 7. The eyes and vision
- 8. The ears, what we hear

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. dinacarya
- 2. rtucarya
- 3. hīna-, ati-, mithyā-yoga
- 4. prajñāparādha
- 5. pratyāhāra

Modern Science

- 1. Physiology of sleep
- 2. Anatomy, physiology, neurology of vision
- 3. Anatomy, physiology, neurology of hearing

8. NUTRITION

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Understanding relationship to food and hunger (nourishment, craving, coping)
- 2. Charting diet and eating patterns
- 3. Cultivating beneficial relationships to food
- 4. Fasting, its relevance, safety

Modern Science

- 1. Anatomy and physiology of digestion, assimilation, metabolism
- 2. Importance of the gut, microbiome, and its connections to health
- 3. Overview of nutrients, theories of diet



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Traditional Frameworks

- 1. Ayurvedic foundations of metabolism (doṣa, agni, dhātu, mala)
- 2. Ayurvedic approach to personalizing diet (prakṛti, time, environment)
- 3. Rituals of healthful eating (mantra-s, prāṇa, agni)

9. RELATIONSHIP

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Role of connection in wellbeing
- 2. Navigating relationships with a holistic approach
- 3. Common archetypes: parent-child, spouse, friend, teacher-student, therapist-client etc.
- 4. Ethics and boundaries
- 5. Real-life case studies of relationships

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. types of sambandha
- 2. adhyāsa
- 3. yama-s

10. LIFE MEANING

Wellbeing Skills

- 1. Choice, acceptance, control, letting go
- 2. Life purpose, achievement, connection to that greater than ourselves
- 3. Spirituality, divine, devotion
- 4. End of life, transitions

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. dharma, jñāna, virāga, aiśvarya
- 2. dharma, artha, kāma, mokṣa
- 3. īśvara pranidhāna
- 4. karma, jñāna, bhakti yoga
- 5. pravrtti, nivrtti
- 6. theory of karma

COMMON TO ALL DOMAINS

Traditional Frameworks

- 1. 3 guṇa-s (sattva, rajas, tamas)
- 2. 3 dosa-s (vāta, pitta, kapha)
- 3. bhāva
- 4. prakrti
- 5. theory of qualities and functions
- 6. theory of causation (kāraņa—sākṣāt, paramparā, upādāna, nimitta)

Modern Science

- 1. Immune system
 - a. role and functioning of the immune system
 - b. inflammation, cell damage and repair
- 2. Endocrine system
 - a. important hormones and control of vital functions
- 3. Cardiovascular system
 - a. anatomy and physiology of the heart and blood vessels
 - b. blood pressure regulation
- 4. Autonomic nervous system



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DISORDER-BASED GUIDELINES

- 1. Common to all diagnoses
 - a. mapping presentations based on diagnoses to self-care and wellbeing domains and skills
 - b. taking a holistic approach
 - c. safety, scope of practice, and need for referral
 - d. connecting with traditional frameworks
- 2. Chronic pain
 - a. pain science: biology, pathways, etiology, classifications
 - b. risk and referral, pain measures, evaluation for self-care
- 3. Locomotor disorders
 - a. lumbar spine (chronic low back pain, disc herniation, sciatica, facet joint dysfunction, hyperlordosis, spondylolisthesis)
 - b. thoracic spine (hyperkyphosis, stiffness, facet joint dysfunction)
 - c. cervical spine (head forward alignment, disc herniation, nerve compression)
 - d. scoliosis
 - e. osteoporosis
 - f. shoulder (impingement, rotator cuff tears, instability)
 - g. elbow, hand (epicondylitis, carpal tunnel syndrome)
 - h. sacroiliac pain and dysfunction
 - i. hip (fracture, alignment, soft tissue imbalances)
 - j. knee (IT band, meniscal tears, ligament strains)
 - k. dropped arches, hallux valgus
- 4. Neurological disorders
 - a. stroke
 - b. Parkinson's disease
 - c. dementia, Alzheimer's disease

- 5. Sleep disorders
- 6. Autoimmune disorders
 - a. multiple sclerosis
 - b. autoimmune arthritis (rheumatoid, psoriatic)
 - c. Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis
- 7. Thyroid disorders
- 8. Chronic fatigue syndrome
- 9. Obesity
- 10. Diabetes mellitus and metabolic syndromes
- 11. Cancer (pathology, diagnosis, journey of the patient, treatments, common types)
- 12. Respiratory disorders
 - a. allergies
 - b. sinusitis
 - c. asthma
 - d. COPD
 - e. cystic fibrosis
- 13. Cardiovascular disease
 - a. atherosclerosis
 - b. ischemic heart disease
 - c. high blood pressure
 - d. heart failure
 - e. arrhythmias
 - f. deep vein thrombosis
- 14. Digestive disorders
 - a. irritable bowel syndrome
 - b. gastritis, ulcers
 - c. malabsorption
 - d. diaphragmatic hernia
 - e. constipation, loose stools, irregular digestion
- 15. Menstrual disorders, menopause



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- 16. Pregnancy and women's health in yoga
- 17. Aging
- 18. Eye disorders
- 19. Hearing loss, tinnitus
- 20. Chronic kidney disease, dialysis
- 21. Trauma, PTSD, anxiety spectrum
- 22. Depression spectrum
- 23. Addictions
- 24. Schizophrenia
- 25.ADHD
- 26. Autism

GUIDANCE FOR TEACHERS & THERAPISTS

- Assessing the client.
- Designing practices for different needs.
- Delivering skills in multiple ways.
- Language, communication, and therapeutic relationship.
- Safety and contraindications.
- Case studies and mentoring.

